

## Shandong TianSheng Cellulose Corp., Ltd.

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# TS<sup>®</sup> M3012 Modified HPMC

### **Technical Data Sheet**

#### **Application scope**

TS<sup>®</sup> M3012 cellulose ether is a kind of non-ionic, water-soluble polymer powder that was developed to improve working ability of dry mixed mortars such as:

- Tile adhesive C1TE/ C2TE
- Gypsum plaster

#### Recommended dosage of total dry mixed mortar

• 0.20-0.50%

#### **Typical performance**

- ✓ Good wetting and troweling ability
- ✓ Long open time
- ✓ Excellent slipping resistance

#### Storage and delivery

TS<sup>®</sup> M3012 cellulose ether belongs to hygroscopic and hydrophilic polymer powder, so it should be stored and delivered under dry and clean conditions in its original package form and away from heat. After the package is opened for production, tight re-sealing must be taken to avoid ingress of moisture.

#### Shelf life

At least 2 years under cool and dry condition. For material storage over shelf life, quality confirmation test should be done before use.

#### **Product safety**

According to EU legislation on dangerous substances and preparations, TS<sup>®</sup> M3012 cellulose ether does not belong to hazardous material. Further information on safety aspects is given in Material Safety Data Sheet.

#### **Typical properties**

Grade	M3012
Chemical name	Hydroxypropyl Methyl Cellulose Ether (HPMC)
Appearance	White or off-white powder
Bulk density (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	250-550
Particle size (passing 0.212 mm)	≥ 92%
pH value	5.0-9.0
Moisture content (max, %)	≤6%
Viscosity (mPa·s)	$36,000-45,000^1/64,000-84,000^2$

#### Note

1) 2% solution, Brookfield RV, 20rpm, 20°C

2) 2% water solution viscosity @20°C with NDJ-1 viscometer, #4 spindle @6rpm according to JC/T2190-2013.

All of data, suggestions, and proposals presented here are based on our current knowledge and experience in raw materials and application technologies, which do exclude the responsibility of users to scrutinize the quality of all received products. Because we are out of control of quality in users' raw materials, production and application methods, service conditions as well as local standards, our suggestions and proposals do not imply any guarantee and promise for end product quality. The users should be responsible for formulation adjustment according to real conditions to meet project quality requirements.